

# WGS Implementation & Lessons Learned

WA-PHL

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# Agenda

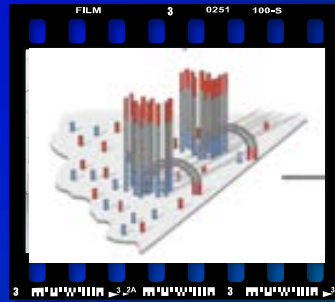
- Background
- Getting started
- FDA vs. CDC protocol
- Challenges
- WA-PHL process
- Lessons learned



# Timeline



FDA-CFSAN-WAPHL start *Salmonella* sequencing collaborative project



Formal IT support request  
Started sequencing



Server established  
Analysis software installed



>600 isolates sequenced for FDA, regular clinical isolate testing ongoing

January '13

March '13

July '13

October '13

April '14

August '14

Feb '15

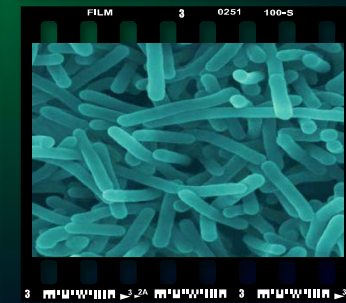
MiSeq arrives



BaseSpace connection



Foodborne outbreak clinical testing begins



# WGS at WA-PHL

## -FDA-directed Genome Trakr Project

- FDA protocol
- Environmental isolates/food (NARMS)

## -PulseNet-directed foodborne outbreak collaboration

- AMD resources
- CDC protocol
- Clinical isolates
  - » *Listeria*
  - » Non-O157 STEC and *E. coli* O157
  - » *Salmonella*
  - » *Campylobacter*

## - WA State PHL WGS Protocol



# Considerations



- Platform
- IT
  - Communication
  - Ensure IT and the manufacturer know your needs
    - Amount of data transfer
    - Data storage
    - Equipment access/administrator rights
  - Data analysis
    - BioNumerics and/or other software
- Resources
  - People (dedicated personnel vs. scheduled testing)
- Location of equipment
  - Temp control, amplicon contamination, vibrations

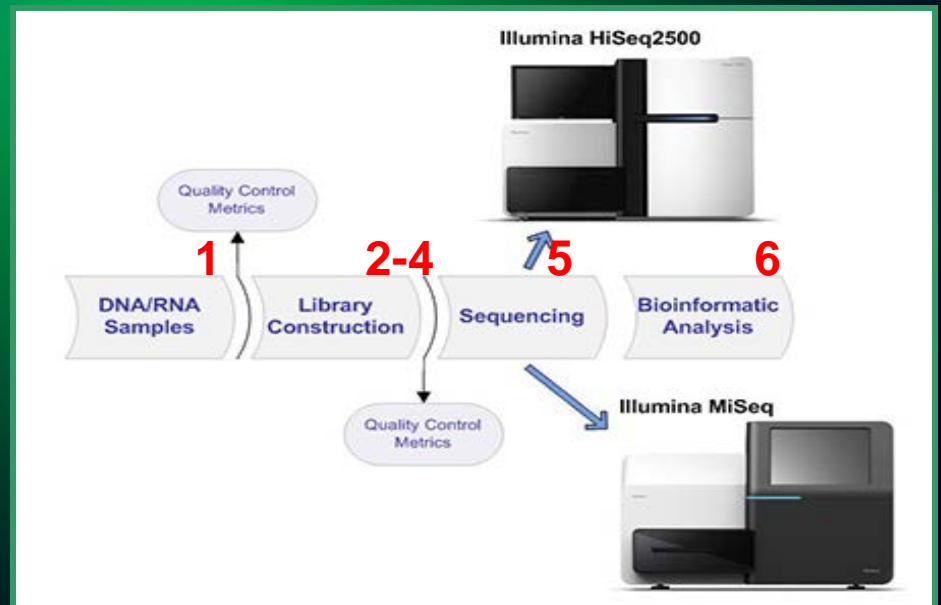
# Getting Started

- Equipment
  - USP surge protector for the sequencer
  - Freezer/refrigerator space
  - Nanodrop for DNA quality
  - Qubit for DNA quantification
  - Magnetic stand-96 by Ambion
  - 96-well shaker (FDA protocol)
  - Centrifuge for 96-well plate (or strip tubes)
  - Phone next to machine (tech support)
- Plan for data storage (e.g. external hard drive)
- Reagents and consumables
- Staff training
- Hazardous waste

# Overview of WGS

Main steps:

1. Extraction
2. Library Preparation
3. Library normalization
4. Pooling
5. Sequencing
6. Analysis



# Method FDA vs CDC

## Overall goal is quality data

	FDA	CDC
<b>Extraction:</b>	Gram (+) ~110 min Gram (-) ~105 min	Gram (+) ~120 min Gram (-) ~3-4 hrs
<b>Library prep:</b>	Similar, ~3 hrs	Similar, ~3 hrs
<b>Library normalization:</b>	Bead-based, ~2.0 hrs	Dilution-based, ~60 min
<b>Pooling:</b>	5 $\mu$ L ea sample	Based on genome sizes
<b>Sequencing:</b>	Same, ~40 hrs	Same, ~40 hrs
<b>Analysis:</b>	hqSNP analysis Kmer	BioNumerics wgMLST



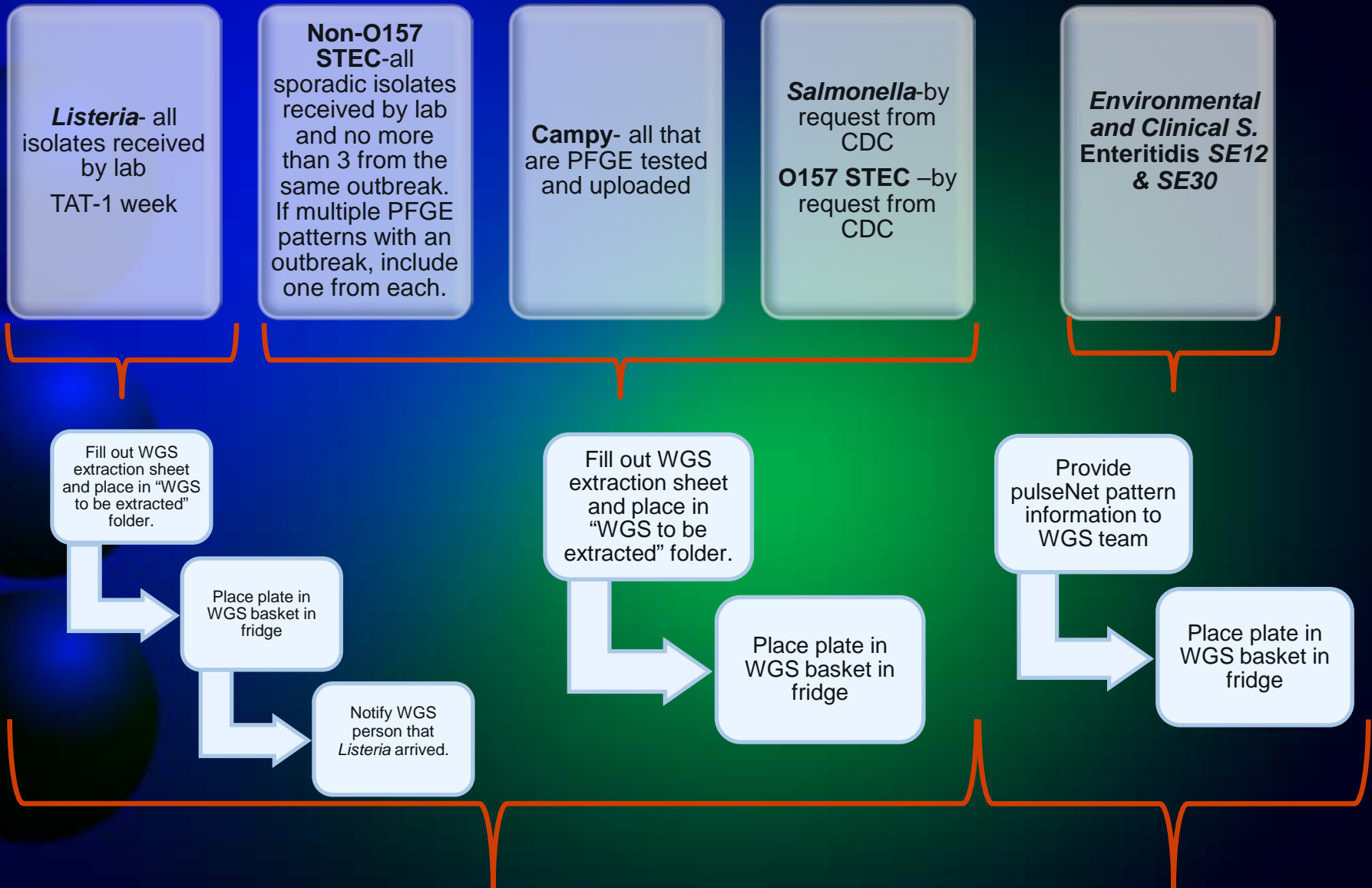
# Challenges

- Data Organization
  - Keeping track of WGS identifiers from multiply agencies
  - Duplication of isolates
- Technical Issues
  - MiSeq, BaseSpace, Reagents, Varying results

# Keys to Our Process

- Run scheduling
  - Collaborate with research projects
  - Fill cartridge with historical isolates if not enough currently available
- WA State PHL SOP
  - Clinical and environmental
  - Add PhiX to every run for troubleshooting
- Worksheets
- Preventing Contamination
  - Indices rotation schedule, bleach wash

# Submitting WGS Isolates – PFGE Lab Steps



# WGS – Molecular lab Steps

## CDC Pipeline

Email PulseNet # to CDC to obtain  
WGS ID



## FDA Pipeline

Assign WAPHL #, provide metadata,  
request SAMN#



Prepare overnight cultures \* Perform WGS \* Create Report \* Verify QC passes\* Share  
BaseSpace project folder



- Request SAMN# from NCBI with biosample submission form
- PFGE Lab - Upload SAMN#s to BioNumerics & [PFGE@CDC.gov](mailto:PFGE@CDC.gov)
- Data feed back upon request or if issues



- FDA uploads sequences to NCBI For Clinical samples(SE04 and SE05).
- Share run with NYS DOH Wadsworth.
- Receive analysis information from NY
- Upload accession info (SAMN#/WAPHL) through BioNumerics.
- Email CDC

# Analysis Flow

- Data uploaded to BaseSpace
- Run and/or project shared on BaseSpace
- CDC or FDA picks up from BaseSpace
- CDC or FDA completes the analysis
- WA requests the data analysis from the CDC
- FDA analysis by Wadsworth (clinical Salmonella)
- Wadsworth sends WA updated tree with data analysis
- WAPHL shares data with Epis



# Lessons Learned

1. Communicate: IT, manufacturer, lab teams...get everyone on board
2. Lay out a plan for isolate flow & tracking

Remember the main goal =

**QUALITY DATA**

# Acknowledgements

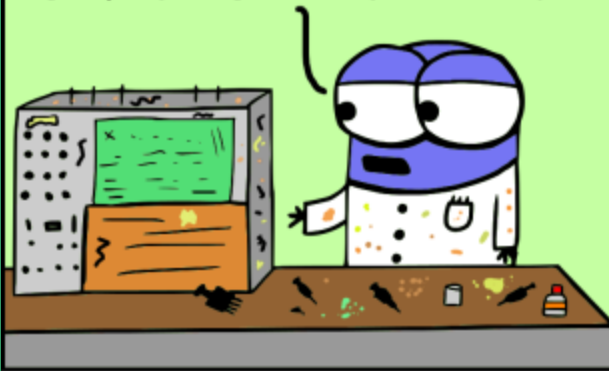
- FDA GenomeTrakr
  - Marc Allard
  - Ruth Timme
- CDC PulseNet Next Generation Subtyping Methods Unit
  - Heather Carleton, PhD, MPH
  - Ashley Sabol, MS
  - Eija Trees, PhD, DVM
- CDC PulseNet Database
  - Steven Stroika
  - Kelley Hise
- NCBI
- Illumina Technical Support
- WA-PHL Staff
  - PFGE, Molecular, & IT
- NYS DoH Wadsworth Center
  - Dr. Wolfgang and his team

# Questions?

## Real vs Movie Scientist

### REAL SCIENTIST

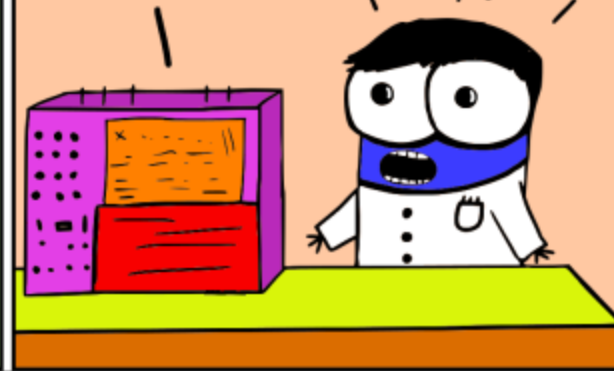
...SO IN A FEW HOURS, THE SEQUENCING ANALYSIS WILL FINISH AND WE MIGHT HAVE A SEQUENCE OF DNA FROM THE VICTIM WITH SOME DEGREE OF CERTAINTY, ALLOWING US TO COMPARE IT TO POSSIBLE SEQUENCES OBTAINED FROM...



### MOVIE SCIENTIST

THE BUTLER DID IT

I KNEW IT!



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